

The TNB frame — a moving coordinate system on a curve

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Practice problems

1. Find the unit tangent vector $\mathbf{T}(t)$ and the unit normal vector $\mathbf{N}(t)$ for the curve $\vec{r}(t) = \langle t, t^2, 0 \rangle$ at $t = 1$.
2. For the helix $\vec{r}(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, t \rangle$, verify that $\mathbf{T}(t) \cdot \mathbf{N}(t) = 0$ for all t .
3. Find the unit binormal vector $\mathbf{B}(t)$ for the curve $\vec{r}(t) = \langle t, t^2, t^3 \rangle$ at $t = 0$.

Solutions

1. Find the unit tangent vector $\mathbf{T}(t)$ and the unit normal vector $\mathbf{N}(t)$ for the curve $\vec{r}(t) = \langle t, t^2, 0 \rangle$ at $t = 1$.

- Compute velocity: $\vec{v}(t) = \langle 1, 2t, 0 \rangle$. At $t = 1$, $\vec{v}(1) = \langle 1, 2, 0 \rangle$.
- Normalize velocity: $|\vec{v}(1)| = \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2 + 0^2} = \sqrt{5}$. So $\mathbf{T}(1) = \langle 1/\sqrt{5}, 2/\sqrt{5}, 0 \rangle$.
- Find $\mathbf{T}(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+4t^2}} \langle 1, 2t, 0 \rangle$.
- Differentiate $\mathbf{T}(t)$ using the quotient rule to find $\mathbf{T}'(t) = \frac{1}{(1+4t^2)^{3/2}} \langle -4t, 2, 0 \rangle$.
- At $t = 1$, $\mathbf{T}'(1) = \frac{1}{5\sqrt{5}} \langle -4, 2, 0 \rangle$. Normalize this to find $\mathbf{N}(1) = \langle -4/\sqrt{20}, 2/\sqrt{20}, 0 \rangle = \langle -2/\sqrt{5}, 1/\sqrt{5}, 0 \rangle$.

Answer: $\mathbf{T}(1) = \langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}, 0 \rangle$, $\mathbf{N}(1) = \langle \frac{-2}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, 0 \rangle$

2. For the helix $\vec{r}(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, t \rangle$, verify that $\mathbf{T}(t) \cdot \mathbf{N}(t) = 0$ for all t .

- From the lesson, $\mathbf{T}(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \langle -\sin t, \cos t, 1 \rangle$.
- From the lesson, $\mathbf{N}(t) = \langle -\cos t, -\sin t, 0 \rangle$.
- Compute the dot product: $\mathbf{T} \cdot \mathbf{N} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} ((-\sin t)(-\cos t) + (\cos t)(-\sin t) + (1)(0))$.
- Simplify: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\sin t \cos t - \sin t \cos t + 0) = 0$.

Answer: The dot product is 0, confirming they are orthogonal.

3. Find the unit binormal vector $\mathbf{B}(t)$ for the curve $\vec{r}(t) = \langle t, t^2, t^3 \rangle$ at $t = 0$.

- Velocity: $\vec{v}(t) = \langle 1, 2t, 3t^2 \rangle$. At $t = 0$, $\vec{v}(0) = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$.
- Unit tangent: $\mathbf{T}(0) = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$.
- Find $\mathbf{T}(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+4t^2+9t^4}} \langle 1, 2t, 3t^2 \rangle$.
- Differentiate $\mathbf{T}(t)$ and evaluate at $t = 0$. $\mathbf{T}'(0) = \langle 0, 2, 0 \rangle$.
- Normalize to get $\mathbf{N}(0) = \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle$.
- Compute $\mathbf{B}(0) = \mathbf{T}(0) \times \mathbf{N}(0) = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle \times \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle = \langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle$.

Answer: $\mathbf{B}(0) = \langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle$